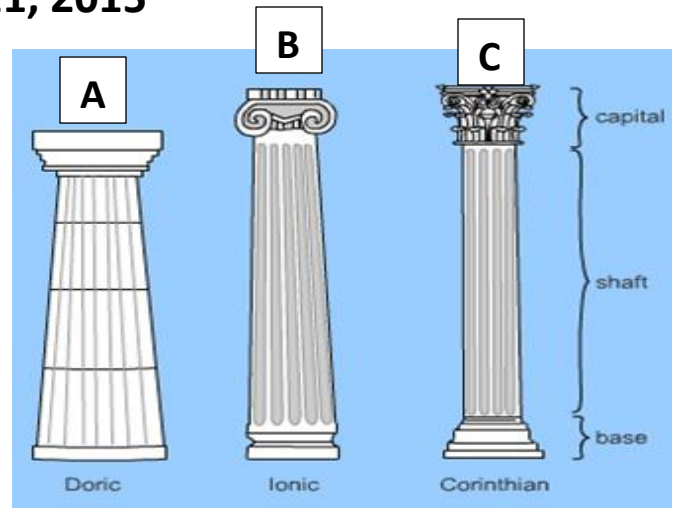


**Notes**  
**Quiz #13**  
**February 11, 2015**

**Greek Architecture & Art**

- **Greek Columns**
  - 3 main styles
    - A. Doric
    - B. Ionic
    - C. Corinthian



- **Parthenon**
  - A huge temple built for the Goddess Athena.
  - It had a statue of Athena was carved by Phidias.
  - Carvings of mythological battles on the walls.
- **Art**
  - Early Greek artists chose to picture animals or abstract designs, but as time went on, Greek artists turned their attention to humanity.
  - Used bronze, marble, or clay
  - Thousands of colorful, painted pots and vases remain from ancient Greece.
  - Most were used as jars or vats for storing grain, wine, and oil.

**Greek Theater**

- The Greeks gave the world a new form of storytelling: drama, or the play.
- Greek playwrights wrote both **tragedies** and **comedies**.
- All actors were male.
- Wore masks with exaggerated mouths to identify their characters and moods.

## Important Ancient Greeks

- **Pericles**
  - Led the Athenians for more than **30 years**
  - Promoted the following ideas:
    - **People should rule themselves**
    - **Everyone is equal under the law**
    - **Freedom, tolerance and privacy are important**
    - **Defense is important**
  - The Golden Age of Athens is also known as “the Age of Pericles”
  
- **Homer**
  - Ancient Greek poet who was born so time between 750 BC and 1200 BC.
  - Very little is known about him.
    - Some biographers believe that he was blind based on his poems.
  - The author of 2 of the most famous epic poems in history.
    - The Iliad – set during the Trojan War and the 10 year siege of Troy.
    - The Odyssey – Sequel to the Iliad and the 10 year journey of Odysseus on his way home after the fall of Troy.